

general

british transport

nationality: purpose:

tanker

type: propulsion:

date builts

steamer 1903

weight (tons): 7291 grt

dimensions: engine:

143,6 x 16,8 x -- m triple expansion engine

power: speed:

about the loss

cause lost: fire 13/01/1912 [dd/mm/yyyy]

date lost: casualties:

about people

Gray William & Co., Ltd., West Hartlepool (Sunderland)

owner:

M. Samuel & Co., London

Vleggeert Nico

James Moses captain:

about the wreck

depth: orientation:

war grave:

last update: last update:

01/03/2010

Vleggeert Nico 14/10/2009

08°00'0X" N latitude:

longitude: 070°00'0X" E 1'=60"

remarks: Position is PA. ref. used: Miramar Ship Index

add position to my marks

show neighbour, wrecks: members only check AIS

insert new position

The Wreck today

insert wrecksite info



Vleggeert Nico 01/03/2010

Courtesy Ian Kaegan, great-grandson of James Moses, at the time of sinking captain of S.S.Spondilus. copyrights: Ian Keagan















The British tanker Spondilus caught fire and sank near the Maldives.

Vleggeert Nico 14/10/2009

ref. used:Miramar Ship Index

insert new history

Documents

insert new document About Builder(s)



Hartlepool (Sunderland)
William Gray and Company of Central
Marine Engineering Works, West Hartlepool, was
a shipbuilding firm from 1874-1963. They were



the largest firm of shipbuilders in the Hartlepools and also lasted longer than any other local shipbuilding firm. For a hundred years the company ensured the towns' prosperity by giving

jobs to thousands of local people. - - - - William Gray and Co always maintained its reputation for being in the vanguard of technological and technical innovation. company regularly topped the output for British shipyards in the last decade of the nineteenth and early 20th century. Between 1883 and 1887 the yard expanded through the acquisition of one ten acre site (Central) and a three berth shipyard (Jackson). Towards the end of the 19th snipyard (Jackson). I owards the end or the 19th century, demand was for bigger ships which could carry more cargo. This led to the opening, in 1887, of another Gray shipyard at the end of the Central Dock. In 1890 William Gray was knighted. He was active in the civil life of Hartlepool having been the first mayor of West

Hartlepool among many other achievements. In 1896 Matthew Gray died in 1896, followed two years later by both Sir William Gray, and Thomas Mudd. This left Sir William's younger son, William Cresswell Gray, as Chairman of the company. In 1898 Sir William Gray died. His surviving son William Cresswell Gray became director of the yards. During WWI output was 30 cargo-liners and tramps built to private order, 13 vessels built to Admiralty order and 30 standard "WAR" tramps built for the Shipping Controller. King George V and Queen Mary visited the yard to boost morale. The yard had a 100-ton hamme head crane which was a Hartlepool landmark until it was demolished in the 1960s. The Company went into voluntary liquidation in 1962. The various yards were either acquired, auctioned or demolished in 1963.

